

# LALVIN ICV OKAY™

## Saccharomyces cerevisiae

# For fresh, aromatic and clean rosé, white and red wines Low to no SO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S and acetaldehyde production

# **DESCRIPTION** °

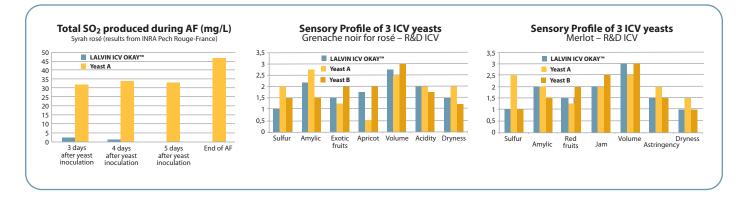
LALVIN ICV OKAY<sup>™</sup> was selected during a PhD project using an innovative approach for the identification of a new mechanism responsible for the control of SO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>S production by wine yeast. A genetic study identified the molecular basis of these properties. Innovative QTL marker-assisted selection techniques were used by Lallemand Oenology and the ICV Group (Institut Coopératif du Vin) in collaboration with INRAe and Sup' Agro Montpellier (France), to select Lalvin ICV OKAY<sup>™</sup>.



Selection method Patented (EP2807247) by INRAE.

### BENEFITS & RESULTS

LALVIN ICV OKAY<sup>™</sup> offers excellent and reliable fermentation security under a broad range of winemaking conditions. LALVIN ICV OKAY<sup>™</sup> exhibits a special ability to produce very low to no levels of SO<sub>2</sub> and sulfur off flavors including H<sub>2</sub>S. It's very low to no acetaldehyde production will be a good asset to stabilize most wines with moderate SO<sub>2</sub> levels. For fresh aromatic rosé, white and red wines, LALVIN ICV OKAY<sup>™</sup> is the ideal choice as it produces very low levels of volatile acidity. It tends to contribute good fruit intensity.

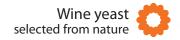




YSEO<sup>™</sup> signifies Yeast Security and Sensory Optimization, a unique Lallemand yeast production process to help overcome demanding fermentation conditions.

YSEO<sup>™</sup> improves the reliability of alcoholic fermentation by improving yeast quality and performance and reduces the risk of sensory deviation even under difficult conditions. YSEO<sup>™</sup> yeasts are 100% natural and non-GMO.





#### **PROPERTIES**\* •

- Saccharomyces cerevisiae var. cerevisiae **Optimum fermentation temperature** range: 12 to 30 °C
- Alcohol tolerance up to 16% v/v
- Very short lag phase
- Steady fermentation rate
- Competitive ("Killer K2") factor active
- Low relative nutritional requirement

- Low volatile acidity production
- Very low to no SO<sub>2</sub> production
- Low H<sub>2</sub>S production
- Compatible with malolactic wine bacteria
- Very low acetaldehyde production
- \*subject to fermentation conditions

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR OENOLOGICAL USE

#### A. Rehydration without yeast protector Dosage rate: 20 to 40 g/hL

- 1. Rehydrate the yeast in 10 times its weight in water (temperature between 35 °C and 40 °C).
- 2. Resuspend the yeast by gently stirring and wait for 20 minutes.
- 3. Mix the rehydrated yeast with a little juice/must, gradually adjusting the yeast suspension temperature to within 5-10 °C of the juice/must temperature.
- 4. Inoculate into the must.

#### B. Rehydration with a yeast protector

In musts with high alcohol potential (> 13% v/v), with low turbidity (< 80 NTU) or other challenging conditions, the use of one of our GO-FERM<sup>™</sup> products (wine yeast protector) during yeast rehydration is recommended. Follow rehydration instructions according to the selected GO-FERM<sup>™</sup> product.

#### • Notes:

The total rehydration time should not exceed 45 minutes. It is crucial that a clean container is used to rehydrate the yeast. Rehydration directly in must is generally not advisable. Ensure yeast nutrition is appropriately managed during fermentation.

## PACKAGING AND STORAGE

- Available in 500 g and 10 kg
- Store in a cool dry place
- To be used once opened

	Distri	buted by	:	

This yeast has been selected using a QTL (Quantitative Trait Locus) approach resulting from a collaborative research project with INRAE. The PhD thesis "Identification of the molecular basis of technological properties of wine yeast" (Jessica Noble, Advisor: Bruno Blondin, 2011) resulted in the development of an innovative selection technique for yeast which produces very low to no levels of S0<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S and acetaldehyde. This work resulted in a patent application filled by INRAE: "Method of control of the production of sulfites, hydrogen sulfur and acetaldehyde by yeasts (Variants MET<sub>2</sub> / SKP<sub>3</sub>)". This QTL mapping and backcrossing method were applied to select this yeast. Selection method Patented (EP2807247) by INRAE.

















Visionary biological solutions - Being original is key to your success. At Lallemand Oenology, we apply our passion for innovation, maximize our skill in production and share our expertise, to select and develop natural microbiological solutions. Dedicated to the individuality of your wine, we support your originality, we cultivate our own.

www.lallemandwine.com